



TENSE

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PRESENT TENSE

PAST TENSE

FUTURE TENSE



Regular or repeated or habitual action

Ex-I always wake up early in the morning.

Note: Time expressing Adverbs(like often, always, rarely, hardly, twice a month) are used to express habitual or regular or repeated action.

Present moment / Permanent activity

Ex-I go to Delhi / I like music.

Sessional action

Ex- I celebrate my birthday with my friends.

Universal truth, principle & permanent activities

Ex- The Ganges springs from the Himalayas.

■ T o express possession

Ex-I owns a big building.

To express fixed program, plan and decision

Ex- The college reopens in July.

Note: Use of Future expressing adverbs like tomorrow, next day or month, in Jan or Feb etc. are certainly fixed in sentence.

■ To express or commentary about live match or event

Ex- Virat runs for two, scores his 28th Century.

■ To vivid narration history or past events

Ex- I save my friend form major incident in 1999.



Continuous [is/am/are+V1ing]

An action starts from past and continues its going on at the time of speaking

Ex-I am playing cricket, call me later.

• An action not happening at the time of speaking but in regular process.

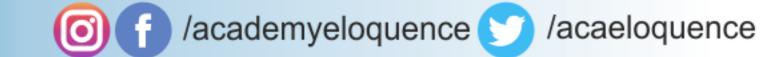
Ex-I am studying in 10th grade.

■ To express about certain immediate plan of future

Ex- I am coming to meet you tomorrow.

Non-continuous verbs:

- •feeling: hate, like, love, prefer, want, wish
- •senses: appear, feel, hear, see, seem, smell, sound, taste
- •communication: agree, deny, disagree, mean, promise, satisfy, surprise
- •thinking: believe, imagine, know, mean, realize, recognize, remember, understand
- •other states: be, belong, concern, depend, involve, matter, need, owe, own, possess



Event a moment before

Ex- The bus has arrived a few minute before.

Anything recently happened in past at the time of speaking

Ex- He has eaten food. His stomach is paining.

Ex- She has done a crime. Now she is under police custody.

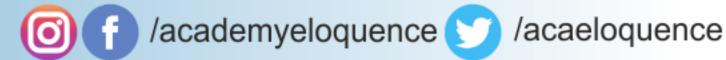
■ With 'since' and 'for' as prepositions indicating period of time

Ex- They have not met since many years.

Ex- We have lived in this village for fifteen years.

■ Following time expressing adverbs are used in Present Perfect

recently, already, just, yet, not yet, always, ever, never, up to now, twice, once, today, often, several times, lately, so far, a few hours, this week and this year.





Perfect Continuous [has/have+V1ing+ since/for]

An action begins from past and is yet to be completed

Ex- I have been playing cricket since morning.

Ex- They have been living here for 10 years.

Ex- For how long have you been waiting for me?

Ex- It has been many years not to meet him. // not in PPC

■ Since / for

Since: Uncountable / Definite Time

For: Countable / Indefinite Time



A completed action in past

Ex- I bought a pen for my friend from Karolbag.// No time

Ex- When did you arrive here ? // ask time

Ex- I went to Delhi yesterday. // time given

■ To show past habit

Ex- I never smoked in my life.

Ex- He studied many hours everyday to become An IPS.

■ To show past activity using "used to"

Ex- I used to play football in my school days.





Continuous [was/were+V1ing]

An action which continued for some time in the past, but was possibly interrupted

Ex- The women were gossiping when they realized they should hurry away to the pond.

Ex- I was studying from morning.

Other sentences

Ex- While driving, he was talking to someone.

Ex- When you called me, I was washing the clothes.





- One action a complete perfect action
- Ex-I had completed my graduation in 2012.
- Ex- He had called me but I couldn't pick the call.
- Two action: an action happened after another one.
- Ex- Before doctor arrived, the patient had died.
- Ex- As soon as Sir came, all student had got silent
- Ex- If you had invited me, I would have come in your party.



Perfect Continuous [had been+ V1ing]

Similar to past continuous but with the possibility of the action coming to an end using period of time

Ex- I had been playing chess since morning.

Ex- Had you been sleeping for couple of hours.

Ex- They had not been working since last day cause of no electricity.

Since / for

Since: Uncountable / Definite Time

For: Countable / Indefinite Time





An action that is yet to happen.

Ex- I will learn this language from now on.

Ex- They will start to work on this project soon.

Planning of any action

Ex- I'll come to meet you tomorrow.

Ex- She will call you once she reaches at home.

Conditional sentences

Ex- When it gets warmer the snow will start to melt.



FUTURE

An action which is visualized as continuing for some time in the future

Ex- She will be sleeping so don't call her.

Ex- They will not be studying, I am absolutely sure.

Ex- I will be travelling at this time tomorrow.

■ An action which is visualized as being completed before a point of time in future.

Ex- They will have left for Agra by this time next week.

■ Two actions : Condition basis

Ex- He will have left before you go to see him.

Ex- The Principal will have started before I reach there.

With time expression

Ex- They will have arrived here by this time tomorrow.



AN UNREALIZED TENSE.